Sending a security token in an Axios GET request involves including the token as part of the request headers. This is commonly done for authentication purposes, where the server expects a token to be included with each request to verify the identity of the user.  
Here's how you can send a security token in an Axios GET request:

Example  
const axios = require('axios');

// Your security token  
const token = 'your\_security\_token\_here';

// Example API endpoint  
const apiUrl = '[https://api.example.com/data';](https://api.example.com/data%27;)

// Set up the request headers with the security token  
const config = {  
  headers: {  
    'Authorization': `Bearer ${token}`  
  }  
};

// Make the GET request using Axios with the configured headers  
axios.get(apiUrl, config)  
  .then(response => {  
    // Handle successful response  
    console.log(response.data);  
  })  
  .catch(error => {  
    // Handle error  
    console.error('Error fetching data:', error);  
  });

In this example:  
token represents your security token.  
apiUrl represents the endpoint you want to send the request to.  
config is an object containing the request headers. The security token is included in the Authorization header with the value Bearer ${token}. Adjust the header name and format according to the requirements of your server.  
axios.get() is used to make the GET request. The config object containing the headers is passed as the second parameter to the get() function.  
Ensure to replace 'your\_security\_token\_here' with your actual security token, and adjust the API endpoint (apiUrl) according to your specific use case.